Category: Priority/Required by Law

Related Policy: EBCF

ATTENDANCE, ABSENTEEISM AND TRUANCY

I. Absences

The Board requires that school-aged children enrolled in the District attend school in accordance with all applicable state laws and Board policies. The educational program offered by the District is predicated upon the presence of the student and requires continuity of instruction and classroom participation in order for students to achieve academic standards and consistent educational progress.

Attendance shall be required of all students enrolled in the District during the days and hours that school is in session, except that the Principal may excuse a student for temporary absences when receiving satisfactory evidence of conditions or reasons that may reasonably cause the student's absence.

The Board considers the following to be excused absences:

- 1. Illness
- 2. Recovery from an accident
- 3. Required court attendance
- 4. Medical and dental appointments
- 5. Death in the immediate family
- 6. Observation or celebration of a bona fide religious holiday
- 7. Such other good cause as may be acceptable to the Principal or permitted by law

Any absence that has not been excused for any of these reasons will be considered an unexcused absence.

In the event of an illness, parents must call the school and inform the District of the student's illness and absence. For other absences, parents must provide written notice or a written excuse that states one of these reasons for non-attendance. The Principal may require parents to provide additional documentation in support of their written notice, including but not limited to doctor's notes, court documents, obituaries, or other documents supporting the claimed reason for non- attendance.

If parents wish for their child to be absent for a reason not listed above, the parent must provide a written explanation of the reason for such absence, including why the student will be absent and for how long the student will be absent. The Principal will make a determination as to whether the stated reason for the student's absence constitutes good cause and will notify the parents via telephone and writing of his/her decision. If the Principal determines that good cause does not exist, the parents may request a conference with the Principal to again explain the reasons for non-attendance. The Principal may then reconsider his/her initial determination. However, at this juncture, the Principal's decision shall be final with no right to appeal.

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Any student found to be infected with a communicable disease that may bears risk of transmission will be excluded from school until that individual's primary care physician or other medical personnel indicating that the individual does not bear the risk of transmitting the communicable disease provide medical clearance.

Students with excessive absences due to a communicable disease may be given a reprieve from other Board policies relative to excessive student absences. Efforts will be made by the staff to determine what, if any, schoolwork the student can complete while absent.

II. Family Vacations/Educational Opportunities

Generally, absences other than for illness during the school year are discouraged. Family vacations/trips that occur while school is in session are <u>not</u> considered excused absences.

The Principal or his/her designee may, however, grant special acknowledgement of absence for family vacations/trips, provided written request is given in advance. Parents are asked to write a note to their child's teacher at least two weeks before the trip. This advance planning will allow the teacher enough time to work with parents and the student regarding homework completion.

Families requesting absence from school for a length of time greater than 20 half-days or 10 full days will be unenrolled from the school district. When families return, they will be re-enrolled.

III. Truancy

Truancy is defined as any unexcused absence from class or school. Any absence that has not been excused for any of the reasons listed above will be considered an unexcused absence.

Ten half-days of unexcused absence during a school year constitutes habitual truancy. Under New Hampshire law, habitual truancy is a ground for filing a CHINS petition in the local Circuit Court – District Division.

A half-day absence is defined as a student missing more two hours of instructional time and less than three and one-half hours of instructional time.

Any absence of more than three and one-half hours of instructional time shall be considered a full-day absence.

The Principal or Truant Officer is hereby designated as the District employee responsible for overseeing truancy issues.

IV. Intervention Process to Address Truancy

The Principal shall ensure that the administrative guidelines on attendance properly address the matter of truancy by including a process that identifies students who are habitually truant, as defined above.

When the Principal identifies a student who is habitually truant or who is in danger of becoming

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habitually truant, he/she shall commence an intervention with the student, the student's parents, and other staff members as may be deemed necessary. The intervention shall include processes including, but not limited to:

- 1. Investigates the cause(s) of the student's truant behavior;
- 2. Considers, when appropriate, modification of his/her educational program to meet particular needs that may be causing the truancy;
- 3. Involves the parents in the development of a plan designed to reduce the truancy;
- 4. Seeks alternative disciplinary measures, but still retains the right to impose discipline in accordance with the District's policies and administrative guidelines on student discipline; and
- 5. Determination as to whether school record keeping practices and parental notification of the student's absences have an effect on the child's attendance.

If a student has ten half-days of unexcused absences in the school year, the Principal shall notify the Superintendent, parents/guardians, and truant officer. The Principal shall schedule a meeting with the parent/guardian, truant officer, and appropriate school personnel. The purpose of the meeting shall be to develop a plan to address the habitual truancy. At the meeting, the Principal and truant officer shall inform the parent/guardian that additional unexcused absences may result in a report to DCYF and the filing of the appropriate action (usually a CHINS petition under RSA 169-D:2, III(a)) in the local Circuit Court – District Division.

If the student fails to comply with the plan and has more than ten half-days of unexcused absences, the Principal and truant officer shall consult with the Superintendent to determine whether DCYF should be notified and/or a court action filed.

V. Parental Involvement in Truancy Intervention

When a student reaches habitual truancy status or is in danger of reaching habitual truancy status, the Principal will send the student's parent a letter which includes:

- 1. A statement that the student has become or is in danger of becoming habitually truant;
- 2. A statement of the parent's responsibility to ensure that the student attends school; and
- 3. A request for a meeting between the parents and the Principal to discuss the student's truancy and to develop a plan for reducing the student's truancy.

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VI. Developing and Coordinating Strategies for Truancy Reduction

The Board encourages the administration to seek truancy-prevention and truancy-reduction strategies along the recommendations listed below. However, these guidelines shall be advisory only. The Superintendent is authorized to develop and utilize other means, guidelines and programs aimed at preventing and reducing truancy.

- 1. Coordinate truancy-prevention strategies based on the early identification of truancy, such as prompt notification of absences to parents.
- 2. Assist school staff to develop site attendance plans by providing development strategies, resources, and referral procedures.
- 3. Encourage and coordinate the adoption of attendance-incentive programs at school sites and in individual classrooms that reward and celebrate good attendance and significant improvements in attendance.

VII. Parental Notification of Truancy Policy

The Superintendent shall ensure that this policy is included in or referenced in the student handbook and is mailed to parents annually at the beginning of each school year.

VIII. Policy Development

It is the intent of the Board to involve parents/guardians in the development of its attendance, absenteeism and truancy policy and any amendments to the policy. The Board will notify parents about the proposed policy or amendments through appropriate communication channels. The Board will also invite them to attend the Board meeting at which the proposed policy or amendments will be discussed by placing the proposed policy as an item on the agenda of a Board meeting and allowing for public comment on the policy's provisions.

Legal References:

RSA 189:34, Appointment

RSA 189:35-a, Truancy Defined

RSA 193:1, Duty of Parent; Compulsory Attendance by Pupil RSA 193:7

Penalty

RSA 193:8, Notice Requirements

RSA 193:16 Bylaws as to Nonattendance

NH Code of Administrative Rules, Section Ed 306.04 (a)(1), Attendance and Absenteeism NH Code of Administrative Rules, Section Ed 306.04 (c), Policy Relative to Attendance and Absenteeism

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ATTENDANCE, ABSENTEEISM AND TRUANCY

District Policy History:

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